

Simulação MAPSAR em Estudos de Sensibilidade Ambiental a Derrames de Óleo na Amazônia

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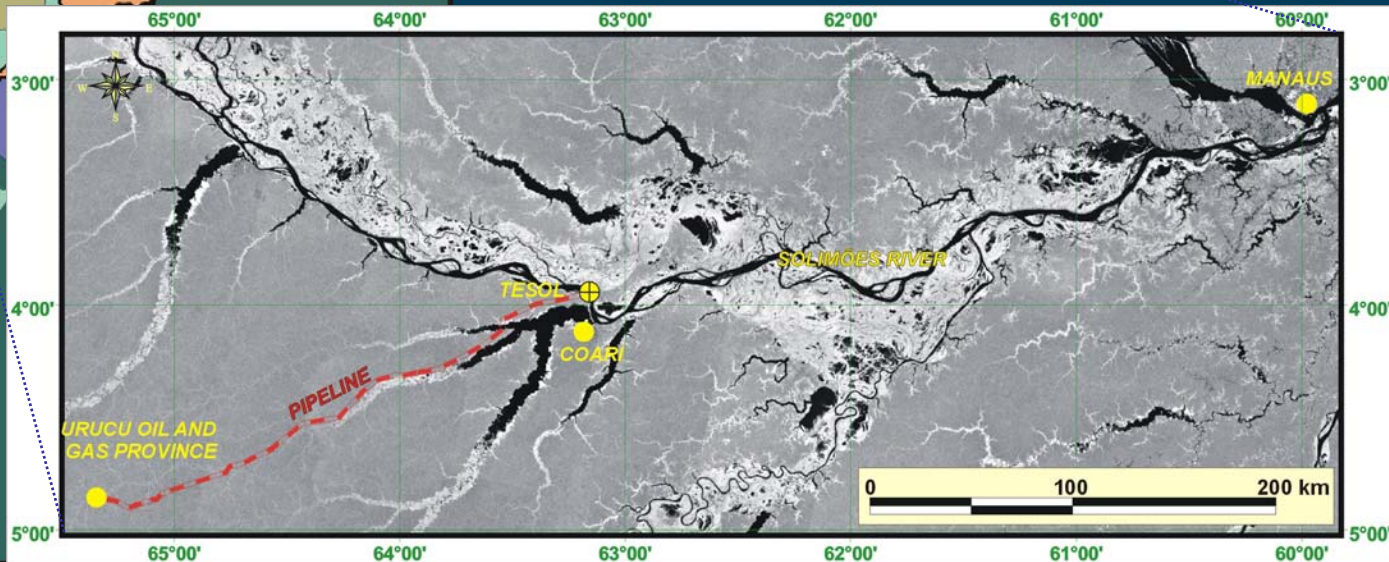
South America

STUDY AREA

Amazonas State
Study Area

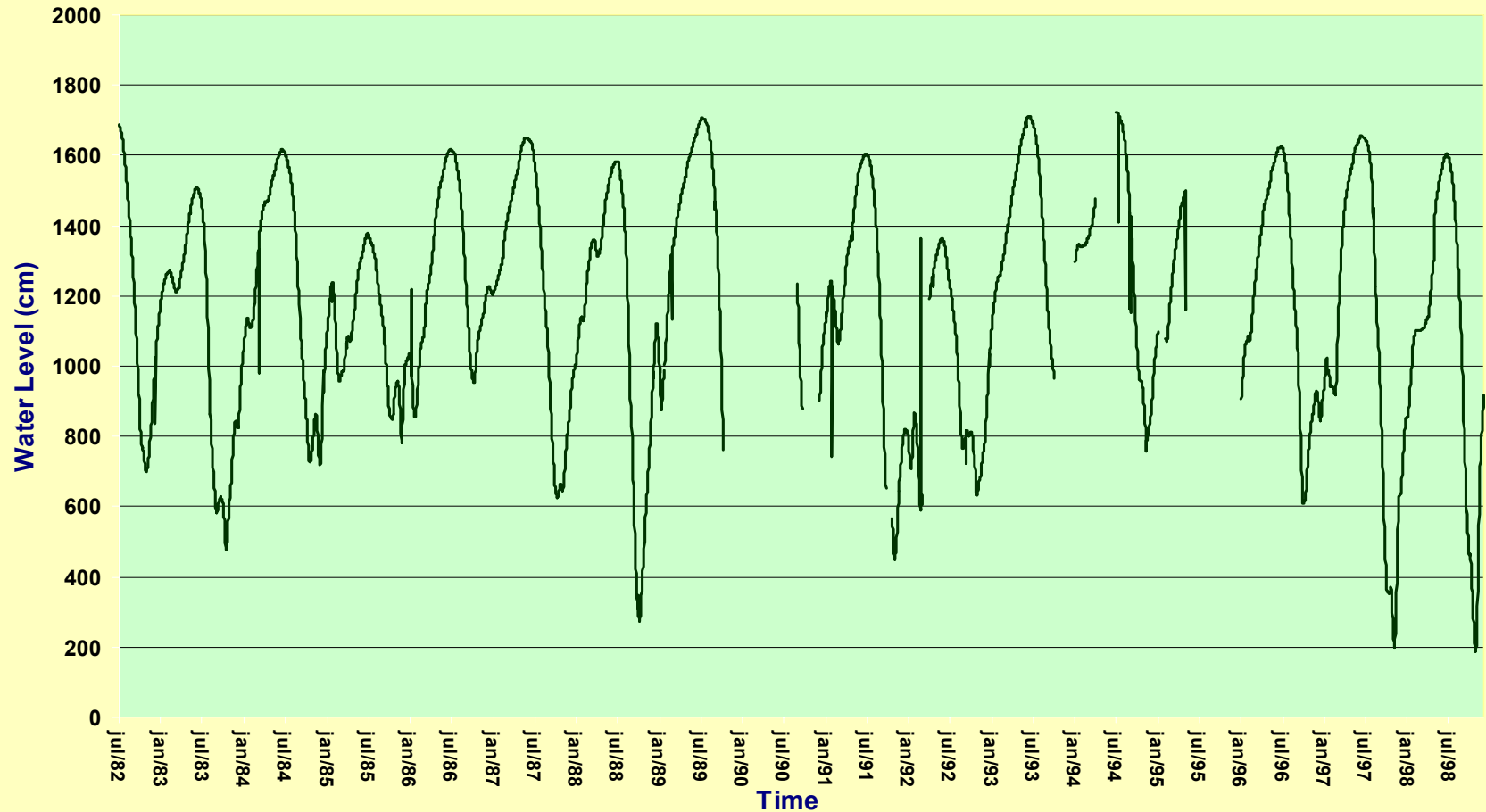
BRAZIL

JERS-1 SAR MOSAIC



Water Level at Coari Gauge from July 1982 to December 1998

DAILY WATER LEVEL AT COARI

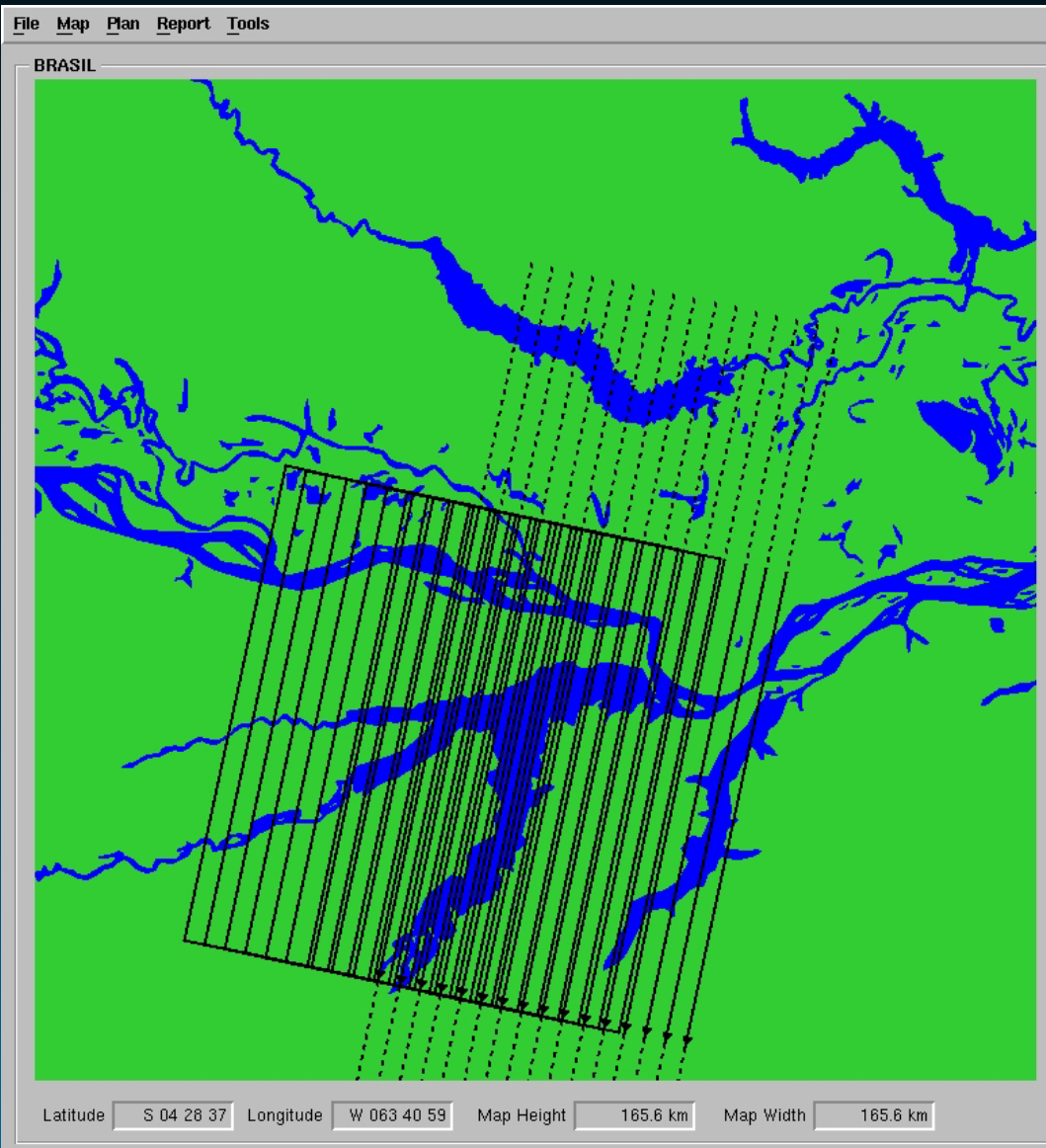


Oil Spill Environmental Sensitivity Index (ESI) for Fluvial Regions of Amazonia*

ESI RANKING	HABITATS
1	Manmade structures
2	Exposed rocky platform or outcrop
3	Rapid / waterfall
4	Scarp / cliff
5	Exposed sand / gravel beach or bank
6	Sheltered sand / gravel beach or bank
7	Exposed mud beach or bank
8	Sheltered mud beach or bank
9	Confluence of rivers and lakes
10a	Aquatic vegetation bank (macrophytes)
10b	Flooded vegetation (igapós, várzea, chavascal, campo)

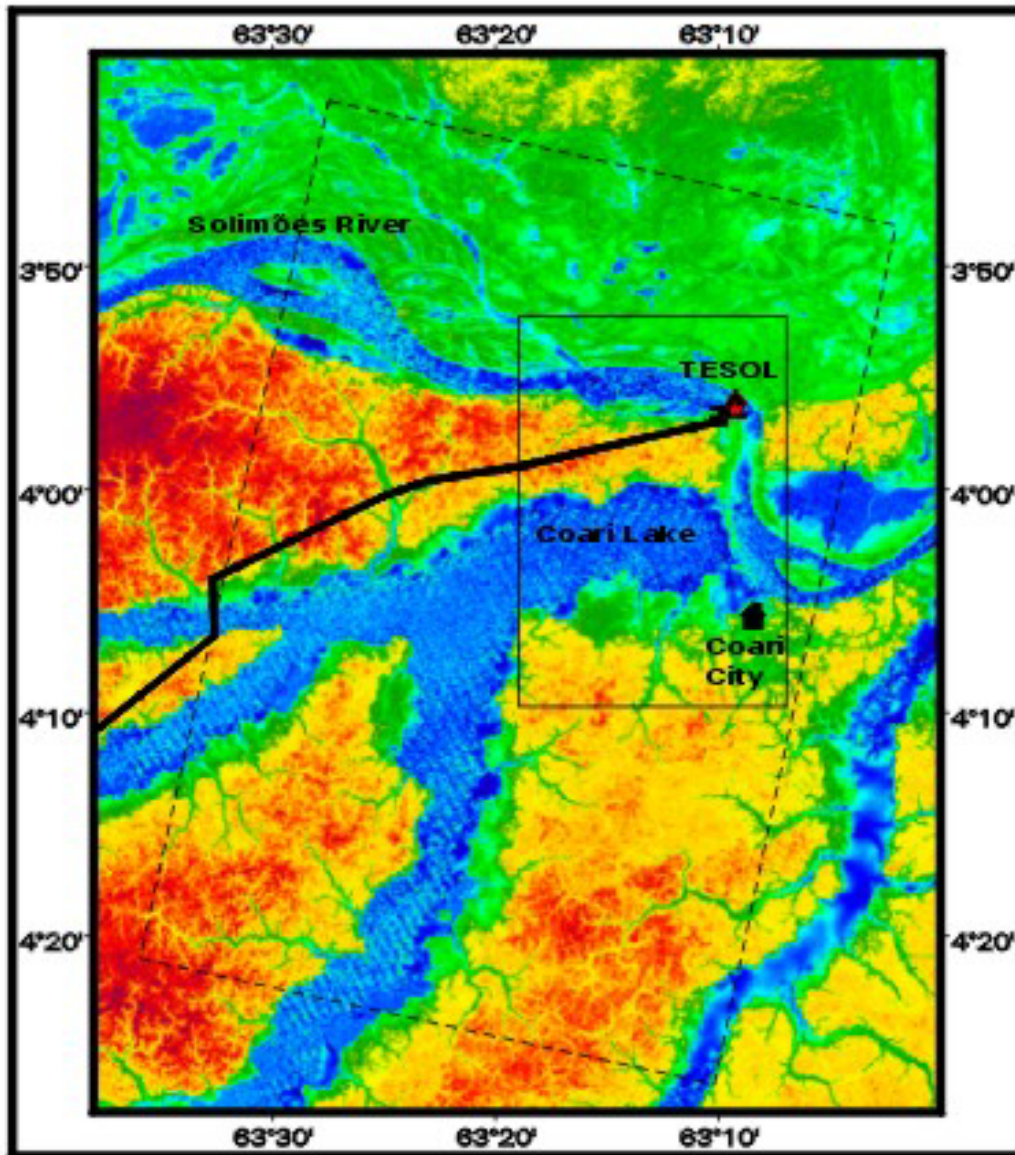
*based on field surveys and previous studies

ACQUISITION PLAN OF R99SAR DATA OVER COARI REGION



- DATE ACQUISITION:
 - 01/June/2006
 - (High flood season)
- 16 DESCENDING STRIPS
- BAND ACQUISITIONS
 - L Band - Quad-pol
 - X band - Single-pol
- INCIDENCE ANGLE (for each strip)
 - 39.57° (near range)
 - 70.99° (far range)
- SWATH WIDTH: 20 km
- GROUND RESOLUTION: 6 m.

R99SAR L-band Mosaic Over SRTM Data

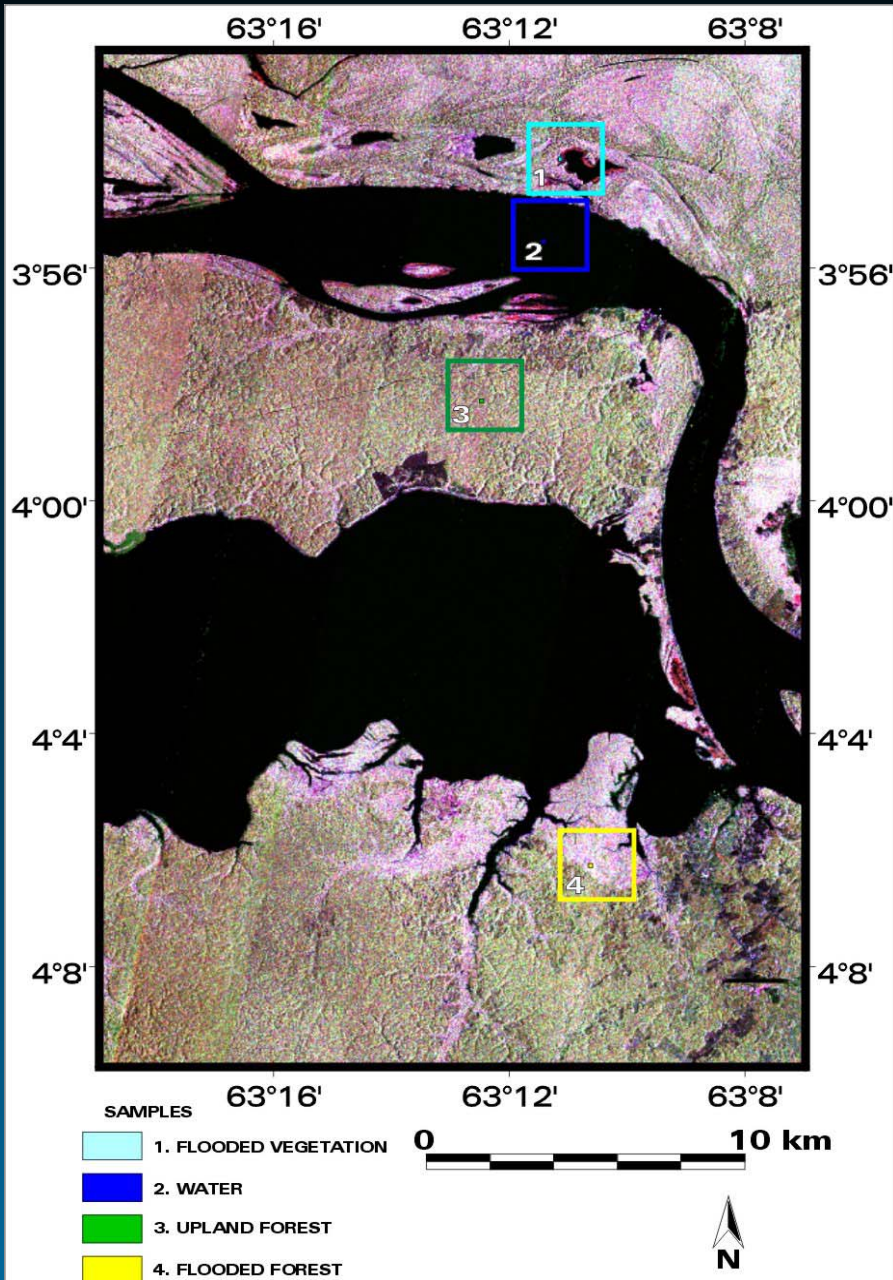


-  Study Area
-  R99SAR multi-polarized L-band Image Mosaic
-  Pipeline Urucu-Coari
-  TESOL - Solimões Terminal



0 20 km

R99SAR L-band MOSAIC MAPSAR



- **Multi-polarized images used: R(HH) G(HV) B(VV)**

- Acquisition date:
01 JUNE 2005
(high flood)

- Incidence angle used
interval of each strip:
- 39.57° Near range
- 45.00° Far Range

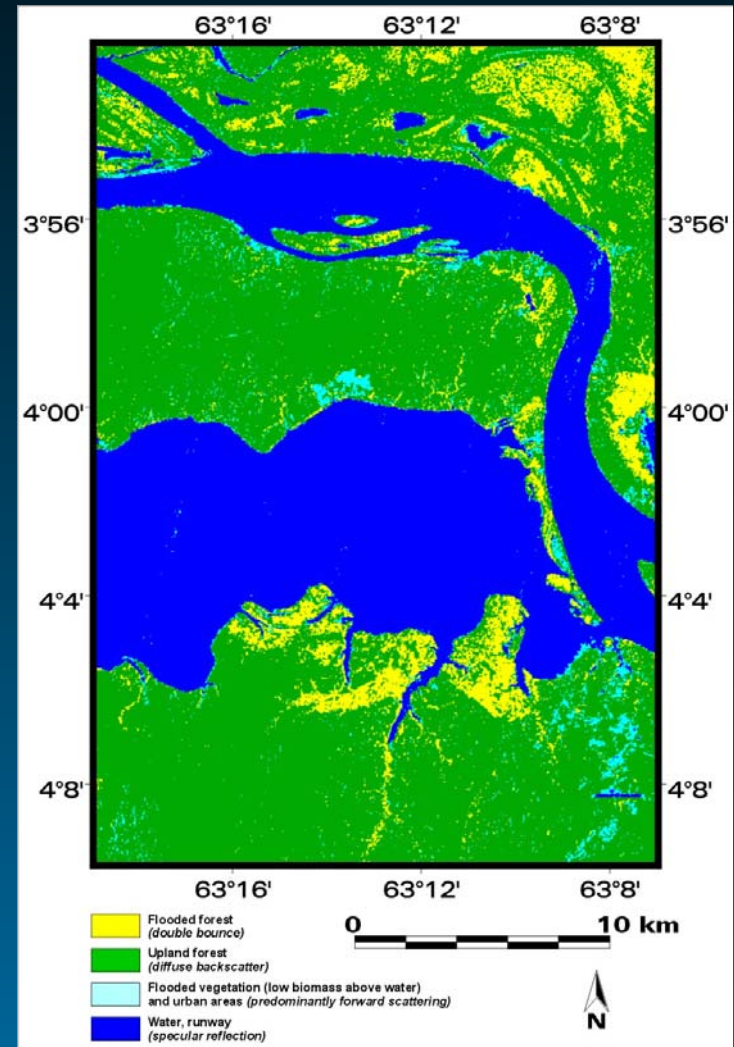
- This corresponds to an
average of 4 km of each
strip used to compose
the mosaic;

- Resolution resampled to
10 meters;

R99SAR L-band MOSAIC MAPSAR

HH+HV USTC

CLASS (HH+HV) \ % PIXELS	WATER	FLOODED VEGETATION	UPLAND FOREST	FLOODED FOREST
WATER	100	0	0	0
FLOODED VEGETATION	0	98.3	1.7	0
UPLAND FOREST	0	0	100	0
FLOODED FOREST	0	0	0	100



TESOL

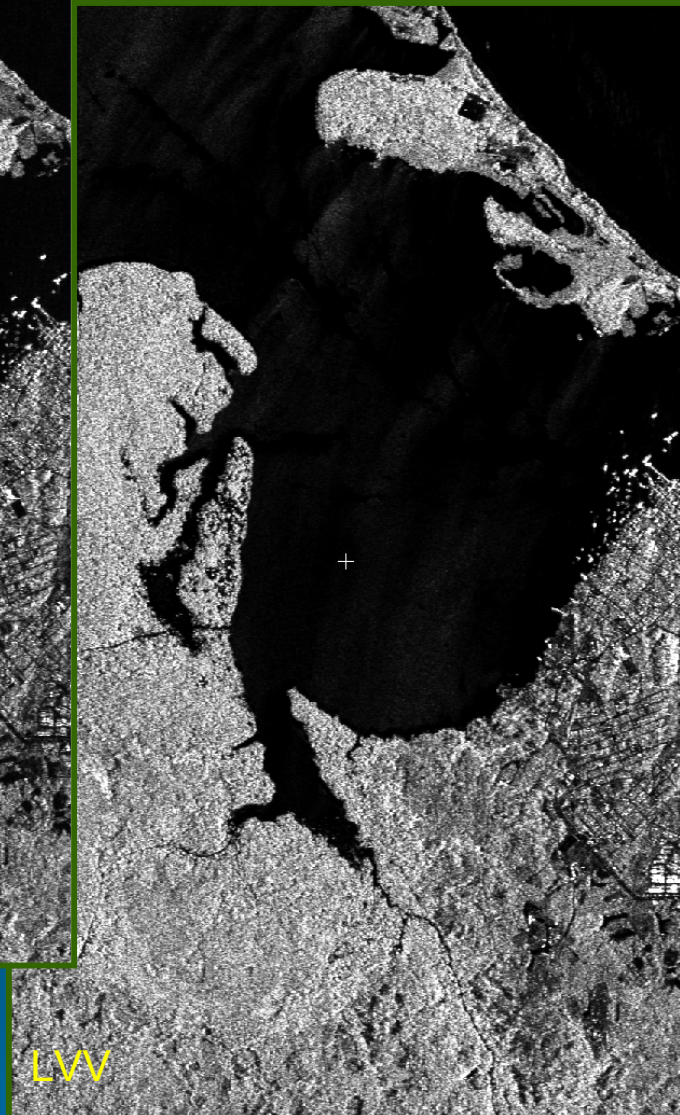
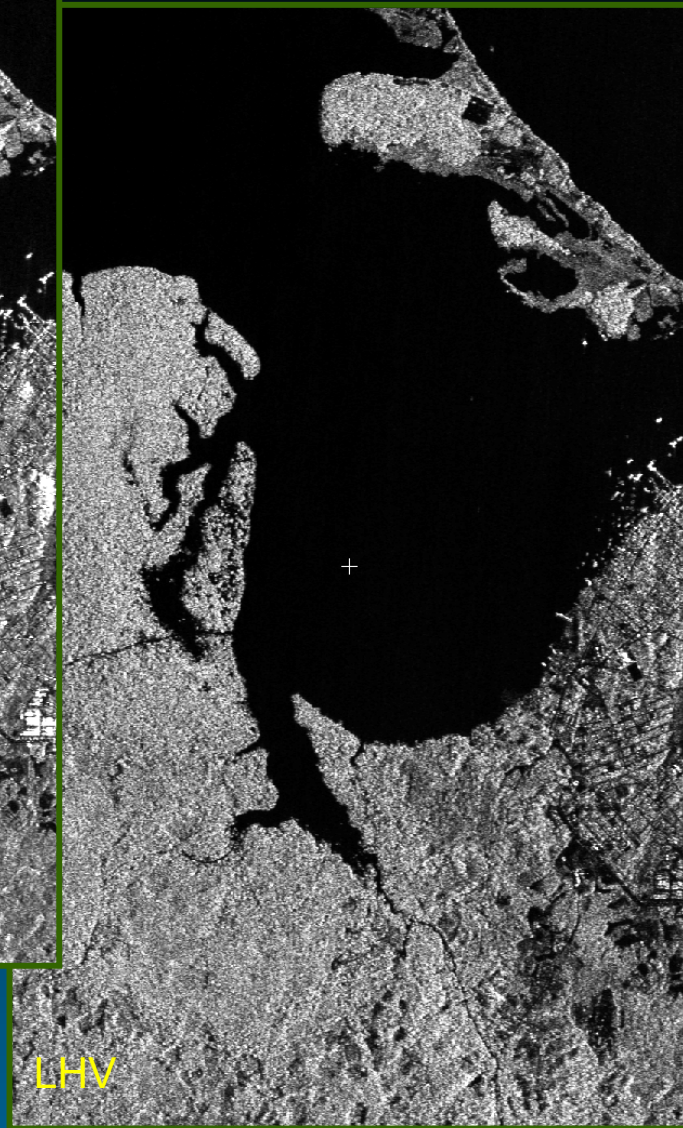
Amplitude data
LHH(R), LHV(G), LVV(B)

LHH

LHV

LVV

COARI



COARI

Amplitude data
LHH(R), LHV (G), LVV(B)



Flooded Vegetation

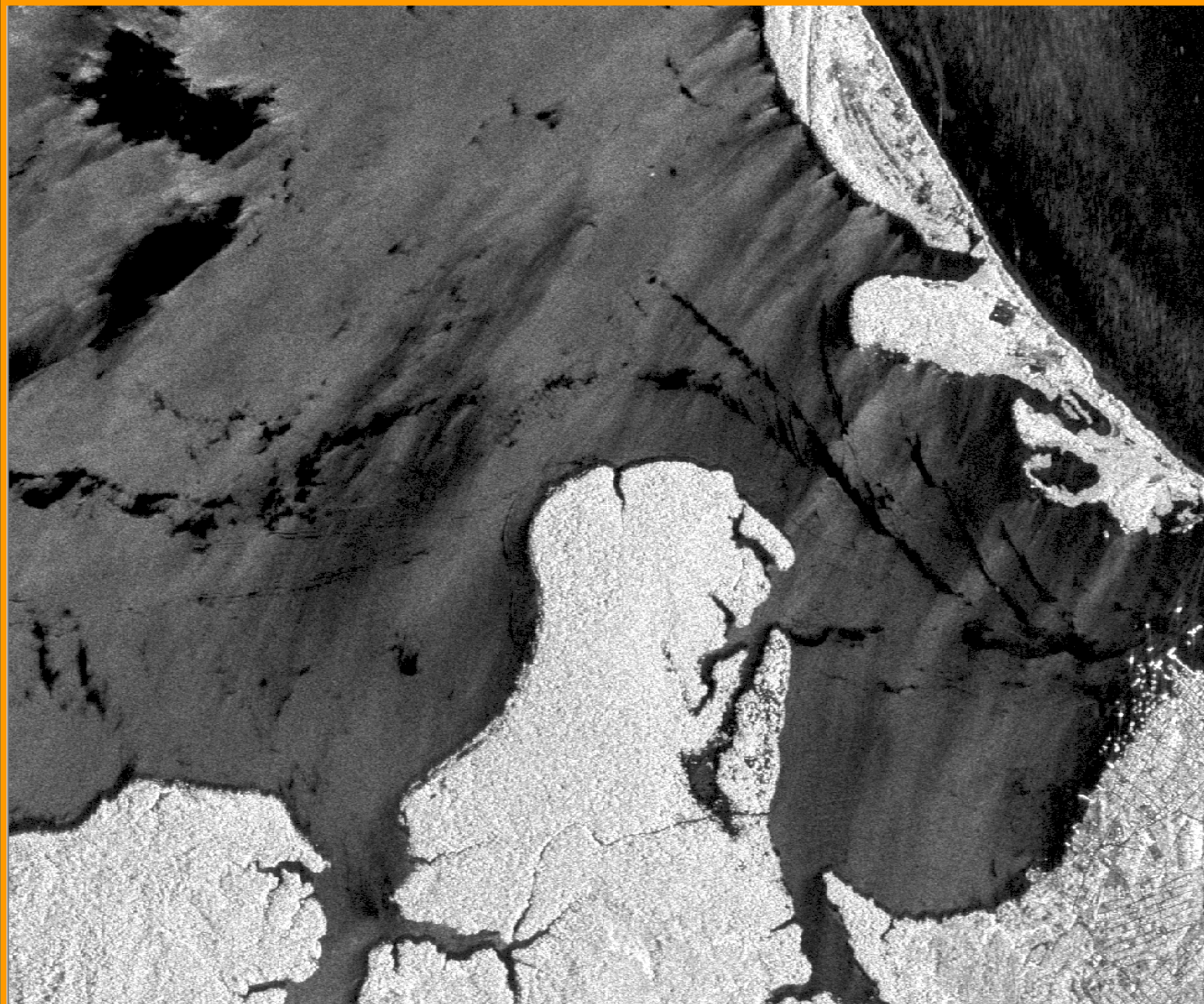
Flooded Forest

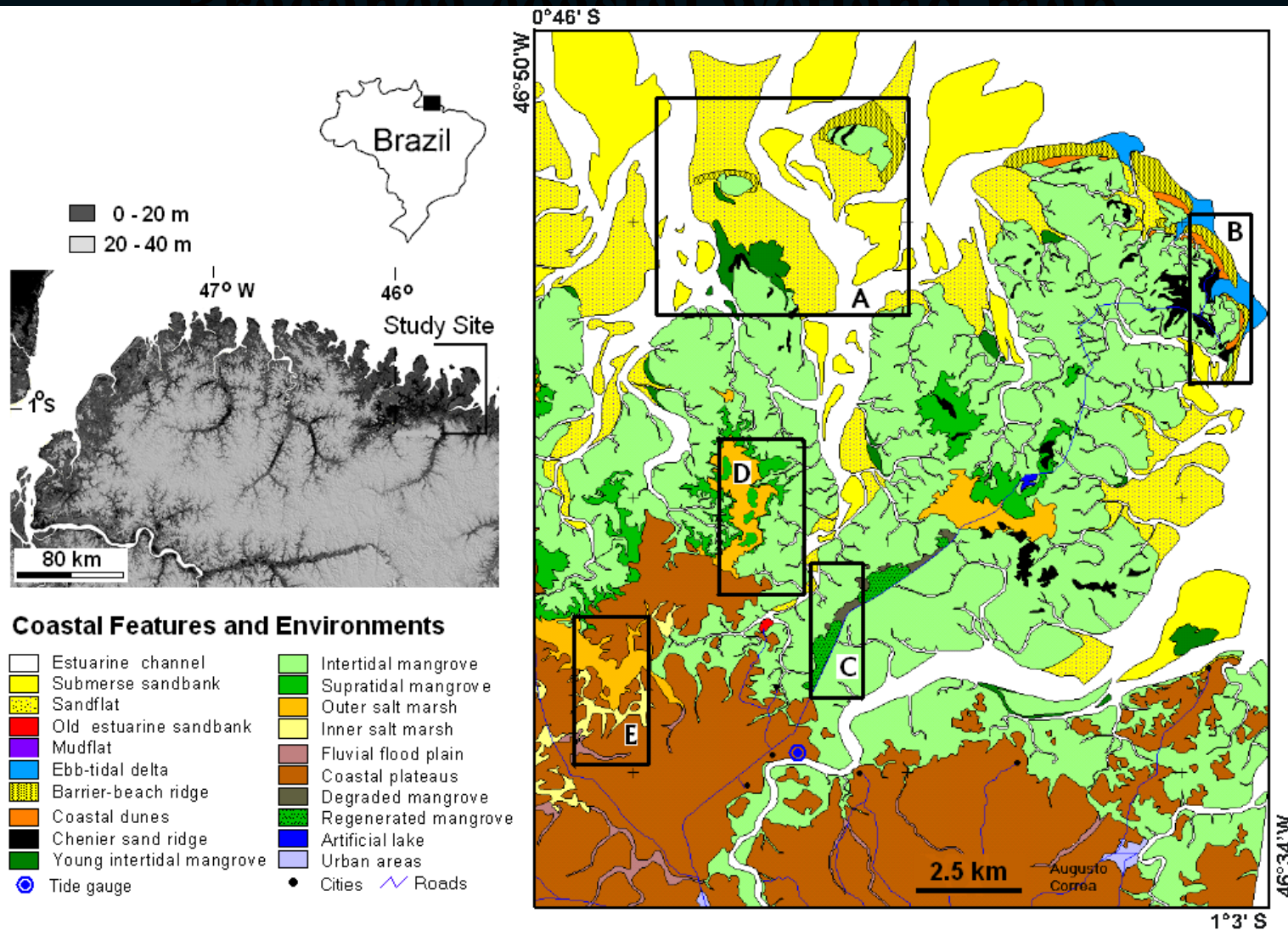
Urban Areas

Clear-cut Areas

Upland Forest

Contrast-stretched LVV: oil spill detection in Coari Lake





Mapa de sensibilidade ambiental ao derramamento de óleo

Classificação dos Habitates Costeiros

- Planalto costeiro não sujeito a derramamento de Óleo
- ISA 3A - Praias arenosas com granulometria fina
- ISA 07 - Planícies de marés expostas
- ISA 8A - Paleo-falésias esculpidas em sedimentos permeáveis
- ISA 9B - Bancos e planícies de marés lamosas
- ISA 10A - Campos herbaceos salinos
- ISA 10B - Campos herbaceos doces
- ISA 10C - Manguezais de intermará

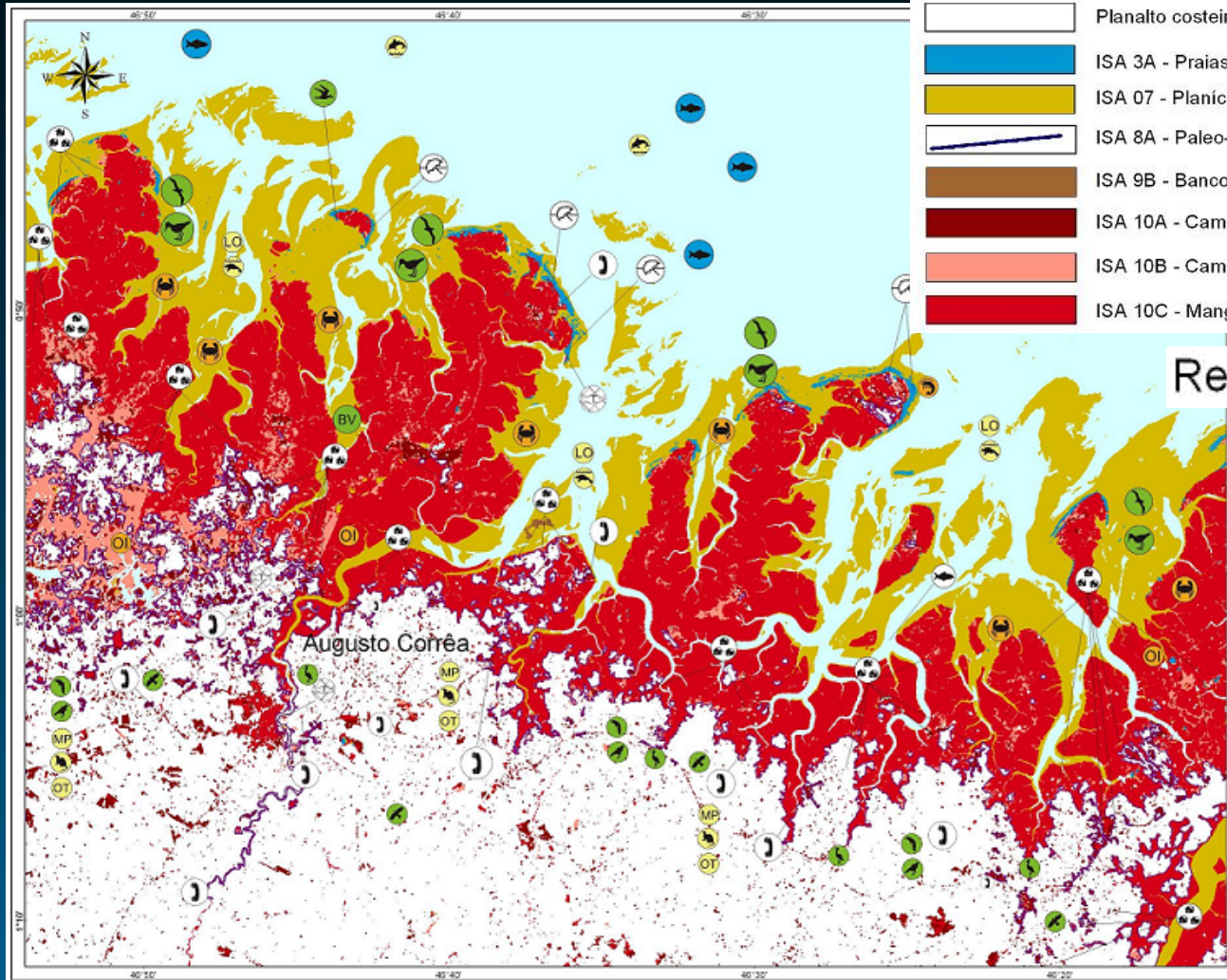
Recursos Sócioeconômicos

- Praias Arenosas
- Serviço Telefônico
- Terminal de desembarque de pescado
- Localidades e /ou residencias rurais

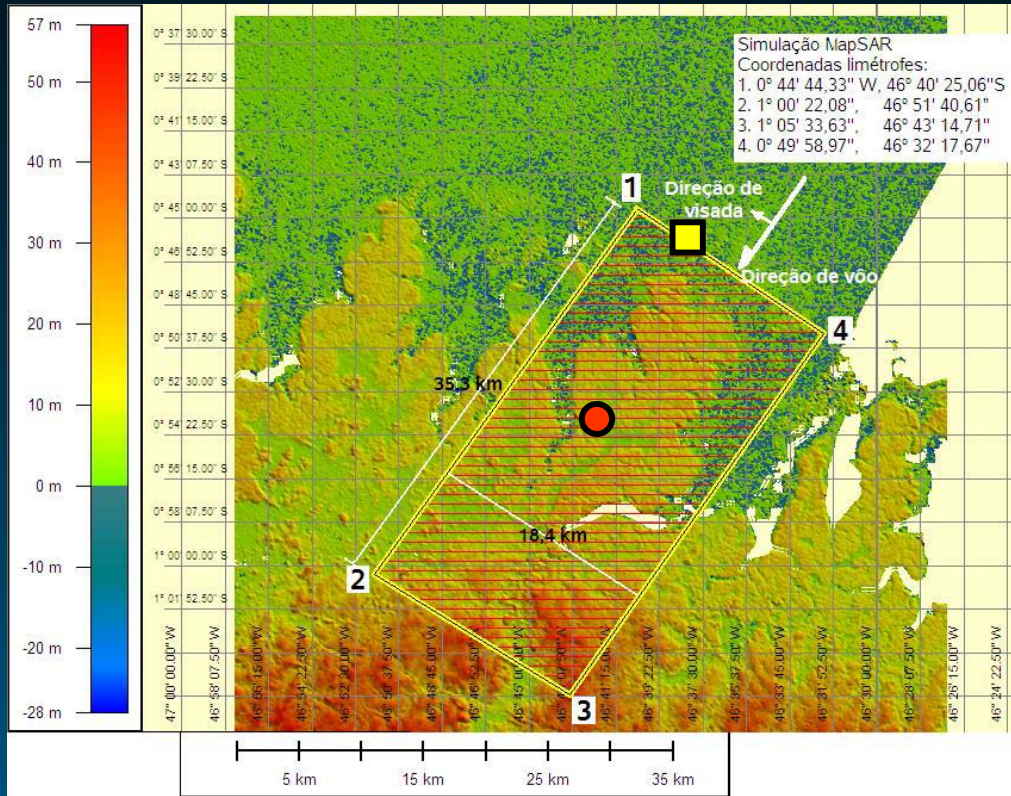
- MP Mamíferos primatas
- Mamíferos terrestres - roedores
- OT Outros mamíferos terrestres

Peixes

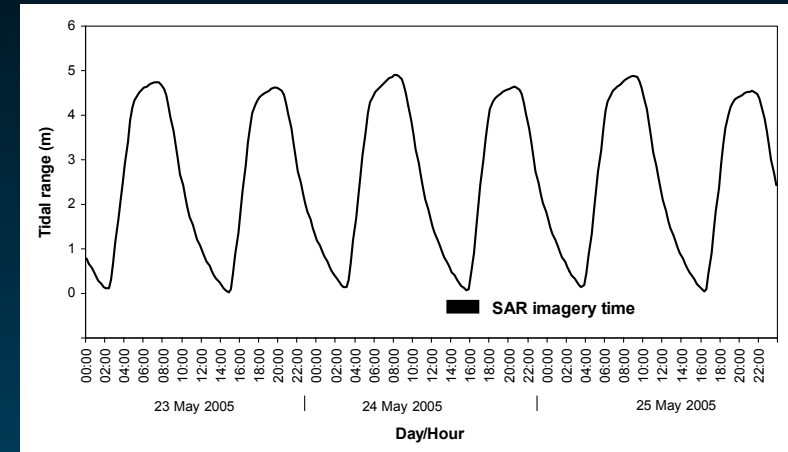
- Peixes
- Outros invertebrados



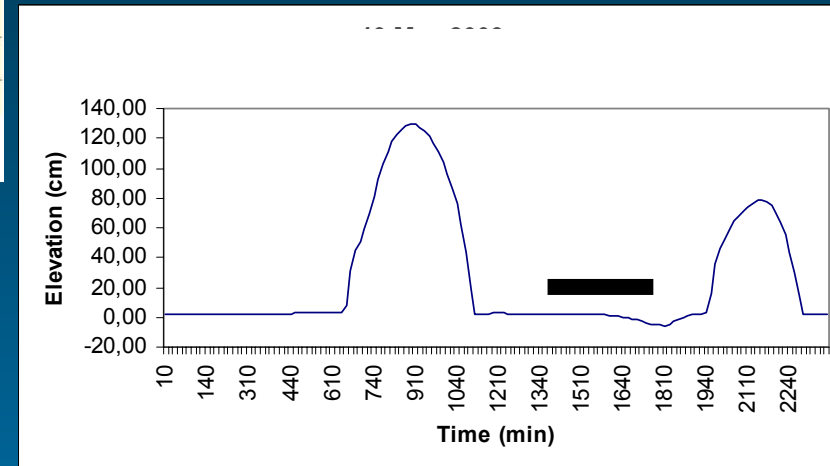
Remotely Sensed Area



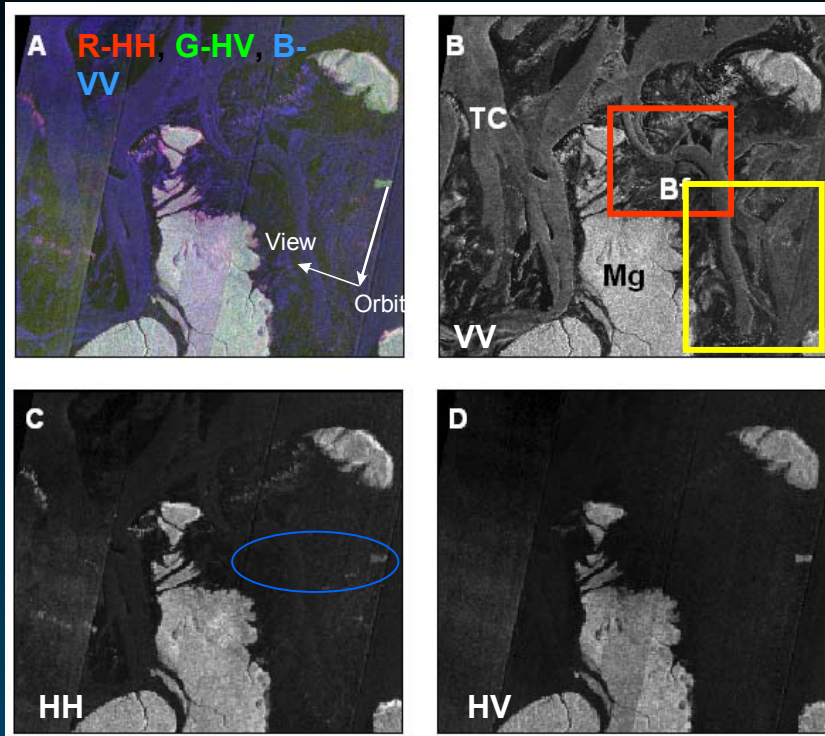
Tide estuarine condition during SAR acquisition data



Tide mangrove condition during SAR acquisition data

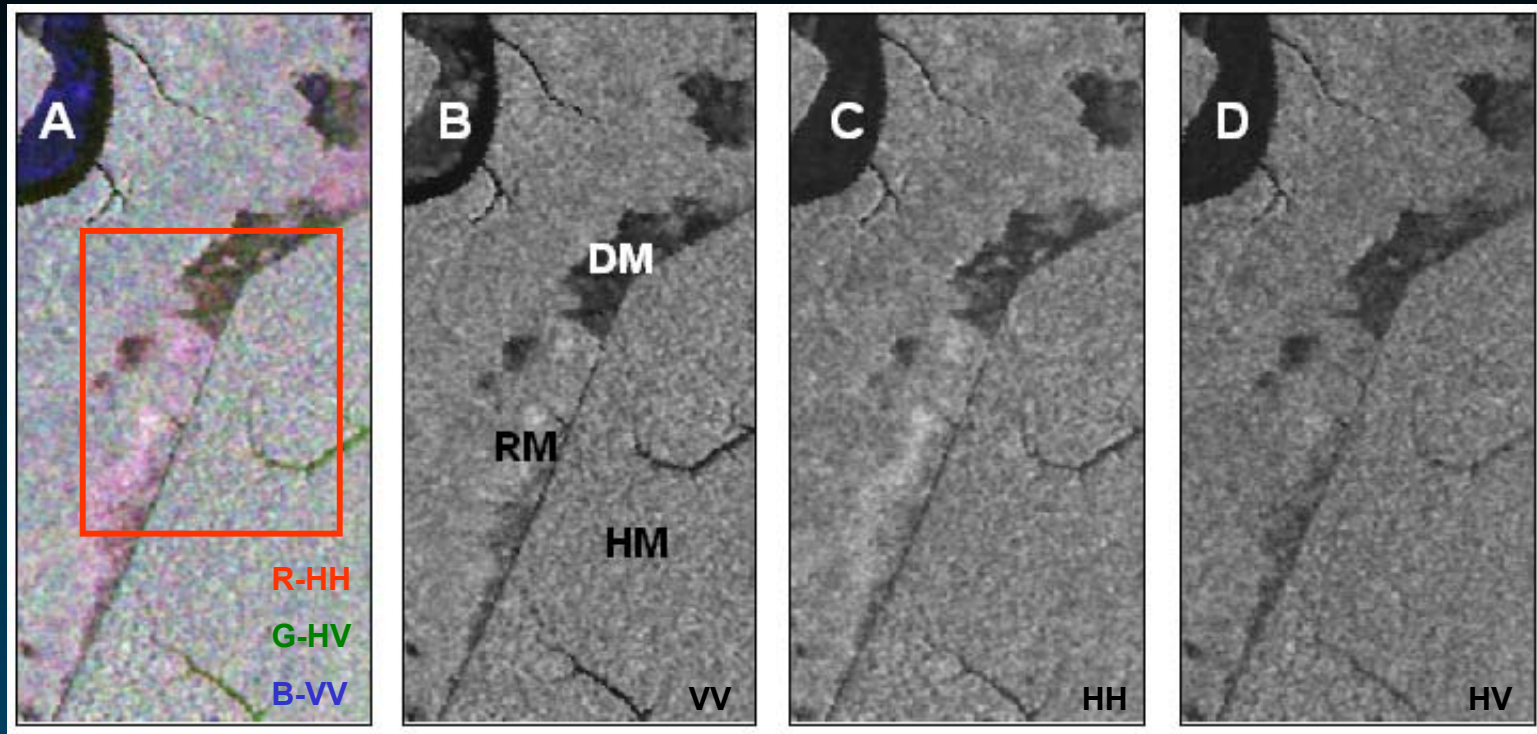


A) *Taperaçu* intertidal sandflat



- *Shallow water bedform structures are well pronounced only in VV-pol.
- *HV-pol. reveals the boundary between mangrove and tidal sandflat.
- *HH-pol. reveals man-made structures to trap fishes over sandy bars.
- *R-HH, G-VV, B-VV composite images reveals that VV-polarization is capable of recognizing shallow water morphology (in blue color), while man-made structure is perceptible in HH-pol.

C) Intertidal Mangrove areas



*In the regenerating mangrove area, HH-polarization presents the best contrast between all mangrove stages. Double-bounce scattering between trunks and ground is present for the younger trees.

*The multi-polarized composite image reveals some strong contrast between different mangrove stage - healthy mangrove forest, regenerating mangrove and deforested area.

